



Jigo Life

fun. family. forever.

Discover Naukuchiatal

Do visit us on www.clubmahindra.com



View

Lifetime Membership



attractions

The Resort

How do I book my Holiday?



Destination Special



Naukuchiatal Temperature



Summer : 28° C - 30° C (Max) 18° C - 22° C (Min)



Winter : 16° C - 22° C (Max) 3° C - 22° C (Min)



Rainfall: 18° - 22° (Max) 12° - 15° (Min)

“ Naukuchiatal or ‘lake of nine corners’ is known for its tranquility, orchards and dense jungles that surround it. 26kms from Nainital and 4 kms from Bhimtal, this body of sparkling water is 1220 mts above sea level, situated within an enchanting valley. The lake is fed by an underground perennial spring. This lake boasts of a good walking track around the lake, apart from boating, rowing, paddling and yachting. One could also take off on a trek to the surrounding hillside and indulge in some serious bird watching. ”

Seasons Guide



Week / Season Classification Chart



Dancing Water Resort, Naukuchiatal

The resort is spread over 3.5 acres of land, facing the lake and surrounded by lush green mountains. Club Mahindra Dancing Waters is fitted with the most modern amenities, and offers the most comfortable stay in the midst of mother nature.

Check In / Out Timings

- Check in 12 Noon
- Check out 10 AM

How to get there

Route to our resort By Road

If you set out early from Delhi you can reach Naukuchiatal in 7 hours. Delhi to Kathgodam is 269 kms and Naukuchiatal is another 30 kms approximately.

Nearest Railhead

Nearest rail station is Kathgodam (30 kms south). The Ranikhet Express departs from Delhi at 9.55 pm and arrives in Kathgodam at 6.10 am. It departs from Kathgodam at 8.40pm and arrives in Delhi at 4.45 am.

Kathgodam 30 kms

Haldwani 40 kms

Nearest Airport

Nearest airport, Delhi 320 kms

Resort Address

Club Mahindra Fort Naukuchiatal

Club Mahindra Dancing Waters

Village : Bohra Gaon

Post: Naukuchiatal

Distt. Nainital –Pin - 263136

Resv.naukuchiatal@clubmahindra.com

Tel: 05942 – 248105, 247408 – 409, 247507

Fax: 05942 – 247141

Facilities in Resorts



There are 31 state-of-the art studio that blend perfectly into the beautiful surroundings, every room offering breathtaking views of either the lake or the hills.



Studio Room: Accommodate upto 3 Adults.

Simple yet elegant, all apartments are equipped with modern amenities :

- Double bed with a sofa cum bed
- Ac with heating system
- 24 hrs hot & cold water
- Attached Dry Kitchenette
- Mini fridge
- Microwave Oven
- Toaster
- Tea & coffee maker
- TV with multi channel
- Dial up Facility
- Safety locker
- Around the clock room service



Multi Cuisine – health and balanced cuisine, bursting with flavour – just the right complement to a natural holiday get away.

- Restaurant
- Bar (Opening Shortly)
- Souvenir Shop (Opening Shortly)

customer call center No: 3988 0000

activities



What are the activities offered by the resort?



Indoor activities

Carom | Table tennis | Chess | Hobby classes | Badminton | Evening entertainment | Pool Table | Internet Connectivity



Outdoor activities

Sight Seeing | Mountain Trekking | Forest Trail | Bonfire | Rock climbing | and Repelling | River crossing | Paragliding (seasonal – October to June) | Mountain cycling | Boating | Bird watching | Horse Riding

Is there a ready pre holiday check list to refer to?

- Your membership card
- In the best interest of your security and to prevent unauthorized use of your inventory, it is mandatory for members as well as guests to carry the holiday confirmation voucher as well as some form of photo identification. The resort will not be in a position to process check in without this documentation.
- In line with the practice followed within the hospitality industry, a refundable deposit of Rs 5000 is payable at the time of check in. This may be made either via cash or credit card.
- Any other travel related documentation
- Sunglasses
- Camera
- Any specific medication
- Depending upon the time of the year and the climatic conditions, and on the activities that you would like to participate in, please do carry appropriate apparel and footwear. Your holiday consultant can help you with us.
- If you are about to experience a monsoon holiday, do remember to take your umbrella / raincoat along.
- Do take note of your travel time from the closest point of disembarkation to the resort. If more than a couple of hours, you may wish to carry some refreshments.
- If you like reading, there is nothing like enjoying a good book surrounded by nature.
- You may wish to check on phone / internet connectivity at the resort, if this is important to you while on holiday.
- It is also important to check that your mode of bill settlement can be processed by the resort.
- If you have pets, do remember to make arrangements for them during the period of your holiday. In

How do I make my holiday booking?

For feedback write to feedback@clubmahindra.com

For reservations write in to reservations@clubmahindra.com

Or call us at 39880000*

* Dial like a local call from the following cities, Ahmedabad, Bangalore, Chandigarh, Chennai, Cochin, Delhi, Hyderabad, Lucknow, Mumbai and Pune. If you are calling from any other city, please call the same number but add the STD code of the city that is closest to your's from the list given above. Our Call Centre business timings: 8.00 AM to 10.00 PM, Monday through Saturday and 9.30 AM to 5.30 PM on Sunday

What are the places of interest?

Lake:

The deep blue lake is the main attraction. One can take leisurely walks around the lake or hire the row or paddle boats for a joy-ride.

Treks:

Can be organized to Jandhidhar and Jungliagaon (8 kms).

Mountain biking:

There are many mountain trails where one can bike and enjoy the abundance of flora and fauna. Many varieties of wild orchids abound in the hills.

Nearby Places :

Bhimtal:

4 kms from Naukuchiatal, this emerald green Bhimtal lake is ideal for boating. There is a 17th century Bhimeshwar temple complex along with 40 foot high dam.

Nainital:

The most pleasant hill station to visit in this area with interesting walks through the forests to points with superb views of the Himalayas.

Ranikhet:

This peaceful hill station offers excellent views of the Himalayas with several good walks

Sattal: I

It is comparable with Westmoreland of England. As one approaches Sattal, the first lake to come into view is the old Nal Damyanti Lake. On moving ahead there is the ashram of Stanley Johns an American Missionary. Next lakes is Panna or Garude Lake. As we move down, there is a cluster of three lakes, these lakes are Ram, Laxman and Sita Lake.

Durga Temple: 1 Km

Hanuman temple : 1 km

Best Buys :

- Candles
- Trinkets
- Handicrafts
- Fresh fruits
- Preserves

Local Festivalas

Uttaranchal Fairs and Festivals



Fairs and festivals for long have been the unique, interesting feature of the land of India and Uttaranchal is also no exception. In fact it won't be wrong to say that it's a land of fairs and festival.

Uttaranchal, a land dotted with temples and more temples, has its own fairs and festivals, which are inherent to the culture here and have been passed from one generation to another since centuries. At such auspicious

occasions, places of worship like temples turn into venues of fairs and great celebration attracting people from far and wide. A fair held in the state is not just linked with its cultural identity but is also an important mark of its socio economic fabric. It offers glimpses of all aspects of a culture. A common trend in India and in Uttaranchal therefore is that many festivals come with their attached fairs.

Famous Fairs Of Uttaranchal

Jauljibi And Thal Fairs

The fair of Jauljibi is held here every year in the month of November. The place is also very significant since it is the confluence point of Rivers Kali and Gori. It is also the place of meeting of cultures, Shauka, Nepali and Kumaoni; these three cultures meet at this place. Stressing on the significance of this place in the past and even today is the fact this is the getaway to important places like Johar, Darma, Chaudans and Byans. It was also once the centre point between Tibet and Tarai regions. While the fair is important for its commercial value yet its cultural significance is equally important. It invites visitors from as far as Nepal, who come here to sell horses, ghee and take back food grains and jaggery. A similar kind of fair is organised in Thal on the occasion of Makar Sankranti on the occasion of Vaishakh Sankranti on 14th April every year and is particularly famous with Shaukas.

Nanda Devi Fair

Nanda Devi is the patron goddess of people of mountains. The Nanda Devi fair is held at many important cities across Uttaranchal like in Almora, Nainital, Kot, Ranikhet, Bhowali, Kichha and on a smaller level in villages of Lohar and in valleys of Pindar. According to the locals, the fair started in Kumaon region during the time of Kalyan Chand in 16th century. The fair is very important and sees visitors from far-flung areas. Rich with folk expression, the Nanda Devi fairs are also important from economical point of view.

The Uttarayani Fair

The Uttarayani fair is a very important fair to the cultural and social fabric of Uttaranchal. It is organised at not one but many places throughout the land of Uttaranchal - Bageshwar, Rameshwar, Suit Mahadev, Chitrashila (Ranibagh) and Hanshwar. However it's Bageshwar where maximum crowds gather, though all are important from cultural, social and economic point of view. The fair also is connected with history, in the past also this fair has played key role, during the freedom movement. Gandhiji came here in Bageshwar fair in 1929.

Today it's an important commercial center. Items like iron and copper pots, baskets, casks, bamboo articles, mats, mattresses, carpets, blankets, herbs and spices are traded during the fair. Whole night local music and dance festivals are organised here.

Famous Festivals Of Uttaranchal

Makar Sankranti

An important festival in northern India, it marks the beginning of season change. People give alms to the poor on this day and take dips in holy rivers. Uttarayani fair is held around this time. Another locally celebrated festival around this time is Ghughutia or Kale Kauva. People make sweetmeats of flour and jaggery and make it in the shape of pomegranates, swords and knives and other such interesting shapes. A necklace is made with these then with an orange in the centre. Little children wear these and go out to attract crows and other birds and offer them pieces from their necklaces.

Phool Dei

The festival is celebrated in the beginning of month of Chaitra according to the Hindu calendar, which comes sometime in mid March. It is mainly a festival of young girls, where in they go from house to house with plates full of rice, jaggery, coconut, green leaves and flowers. These girls give their blessings and wishes for the prosperity of the house and are given presents, jaggery, sweets, and money in return.

Ganga Dusshera or Dasar

The festival is celebrated sometime between May and June on the tenth day of the month of Jyeshtha according to Hindu calendar. This is the day of worshipping river Ganga and people take a dip in holy rivers. Many people put up stalls and offer water and food.

Harela and Bhaitauli

This festival is celebrated on first day of navaratri. It's an important Kumaoni festival where women fill baskets with soil and sow seven different kind of seeds in them. On the tenth day, when the seeds have germinated and grown into grasses, they are plucked and put in head and behind the ears. It is during this time that brothers send gifts to their sisters. The presents are called Bhaituali.

Basant Panchmi

A popular festival in northern India, Basant Panchmi marks the starting of spring season. It is usually celebrated sometime between mid January to mid February. Yellow is the colour of the day - yellow clothes, yellow flowers, and yellow rice. Goddess Saraswati is worshipped on this day, she is considered to be the goddess of knowledge and so the festival holds special importance for school going children.

Bat Savitri

Another popular festival celebrated in entire northern India by married women for the well being of their spouses. The festival is celebrated on the last day of the dark half of the month of Jyeshtha according to Hindu calendar. Women worship Savitri who with her intense devotion brought her husband from death and observe fasts. They also worship a holy tree called Bat or Banyan tree.

Olgia

The festival is celebrated on the first day of August or Bhado as it is called in the Hindi calendar. This is the time when the fields are full of lush green harvest and the milking animals are very productive. Earlier son in-laws to father and nephews to maternal uncles used to give presents, however now a days it has changed. People eat chapatis with ghee and urad dal (pulse) filled in it. The festival 's popularity has declined over a period of time.

Khatarua

While some say that the festival is celebrated in lieu of victory of king of Kumaon. But the popular belief goes that the festival marks the beginning of autumn season. It's celebrated sometime in mid September, the first day of month of Ashwin according to the Hindu calendar. Bonfires are lighted around which children dance. People offer cucumbers to fire as it is said to destroy all the evils. Special care is taken of animals during this time.